

US\$m	2008	2007
Combined Total Revenue	1,016	1,008
EBITDA	164	190

- Two-thirds of drop in earnings in 2008 due to currency related movements and Geneva renovation
- Remaining drop due to effects of economic downturn

US\$m	2008	2007
Profit attributable to shareholders excl. non-trading items	67	87
Profit attributable to shareholders*	67	108

* 2007 profit attributable to shareholders included US\$16m post-tax gain from partial sale of Mandarin Oriental, New York and US\$5m uplift from property revaluation in Kuala Lumpur

US\$m	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	08 vs. 04
Combined Revenues	667	815	850	1,008	1,016	52%
EBITDA	99	124	116	190	164	66%
Profit attributable to shareholders*	19	41	45	87	67	253%

^{*} Excluding non-trading items

	2008	2007
Earnings per Share excluding non-trading items <i>US¢</i>	6.84	8.98
Earnings per Share <i>US¢</i>	6.84	11.16
Adjusted Net Asset Value per Share* US\$	2.08	2.34

^{*} This includes the leasehold properties at valuation

- Final dividend of US¢5 recommended to shareholders
- ❖Total dividends for 2008 of US¢7 per share (2007 US¢6 per share)

KEY STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES



- Despite current global downturn, medium to long-term trends support strategy
- Continued desire for luxurious services
- Premium rates paid for MandarinOriental experiences
- Increasing business from Middle East, Russia, China, India



- Operational and marketing focus on high net worth leisure travellers
- Leisure business for the Group has doubled over past six years
- Leisure represents 40% of market mix (50% in some key city centre hotels)
- Group-wide average rate at over US\$400
- Competitive position further supported by fewer new hotels in key markets

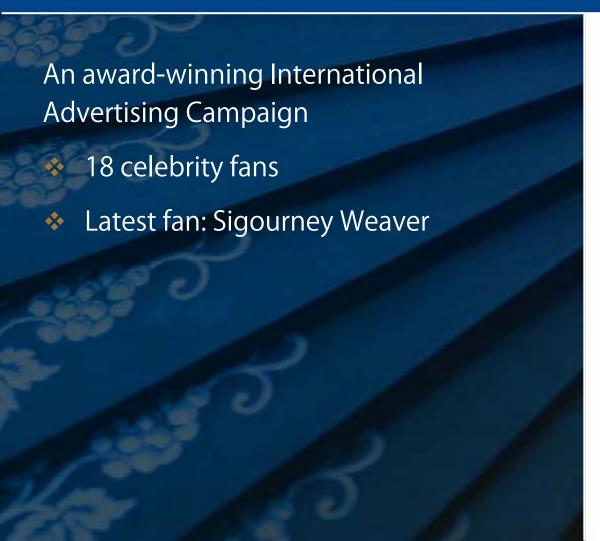


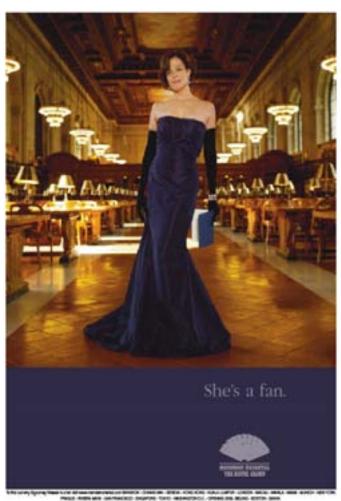
Core Brand Attributes

- Creative hotel design and architecture
- Holistic spas
- Innovative dining
- Guest-oriented technology
- Underpinned by legendary service

Providing 21st century luxury with oriental charm







FORBES 400 BEST HOTELS 2008

Mandarin Oriental, Bangkok The Landmark Mandarin Oriental, Hong Kong Mandarin Oriental, Kuala Lumpur Mandarin Oriental, Tokyo Mandarin Oriental Hyde Park, London Mandarin Oriental, Prague Mandarin Oriental, Miami Mandarin Oriental, New York Mandarin Oriental, San Francisco

CONDE NAST TRAVELER USA GOLD LIST – 2008

Mandarin Oriental, Bangkok Mandarin Oriental Dhara Dhevi, Chiang Mai The Landmark Mandarin Oriental, Hong Kong Mandarin Oriental, Hong Kong Mandarin Oriental, Kuala Lumpur Mandarin Oriental, Singapore Mandarin Oriental, Tokyo Mandarin Oriental Hyde Park, London Mandarin Oriental, Miami

Mandarin Oriental, New York

Mandarin Oriental, San Francisco

INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR THE WORLD'S BEST HOTELS 2008

Mandarin Oriental, Bangkok

Mandarin Oriental, Hong Kong

The Landmark Mandarin Oriental, Hong Kong

Mandarin Oriental, Kuala Lumpur

Mandarin Oriental, Singapore

Mandarin Oriental, Tokyo

Mandarin Oriental Hyde Park, London

Mandarin Oriental, Geneva

Mandarin Oriental, Miami

Mandarin Oriental, New York

Mandarin Oriental, San Francisco

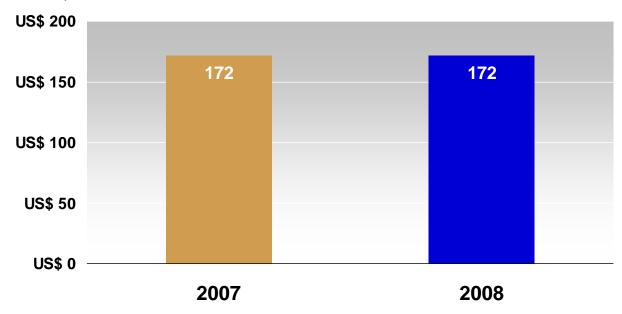




- All hotels maintained or enhanced their competitive positions
- Most destinations impacted by decrease in visitor arrivals, especially since September
- Appropriate cost containment measures implemented without impacting service



2008 US\$ RevPAR Performance

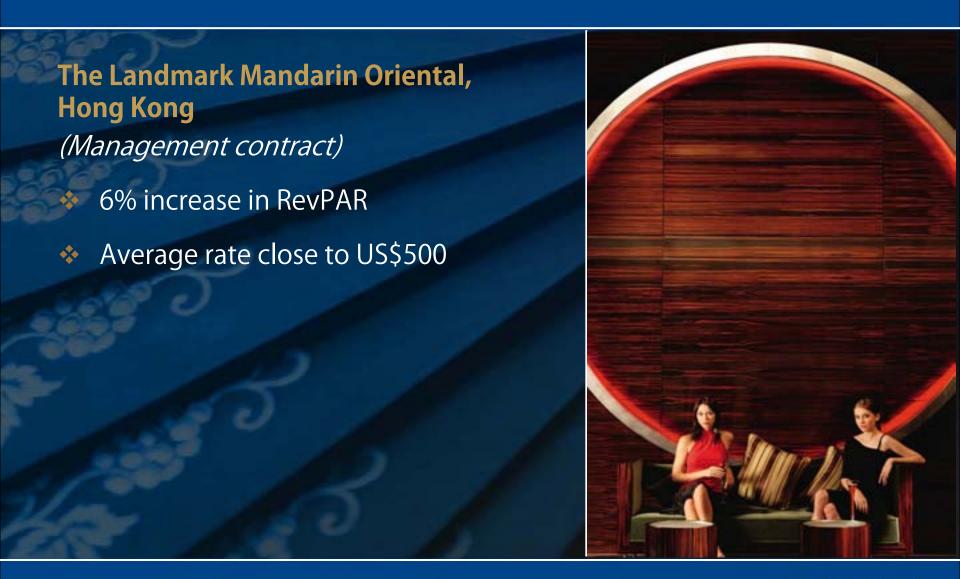


- RevPAR down by 3% in local currency; flat in US\$
- RevPAR grew by 7% in 1st half (local currency)
- RevPAR declined by 19% in last quarter (local currency)
- Average rates maintained or enhanced
- Includes only hotels that were fully operational in both years

Mandarin Oriental, Hong Kong (100% ownership)

- One of the world's legendary hotels
- Average rate increased to US\$437 (US\$399 in 2007)
- Weaker corporate demand particularly from financial services
- Occupancy down to 68% in 4th quarter (84% in 4th quarter 2007)









The Excelsior, Hong Kong (100% ownership)

- Maintained strong competitive position
- Diversified guest portfolio
- Annual occupancy at 84% (88% in 2007)
- Average rate increased to US\$184 (US\$179 in 2007)
- Occupancy down to 83% in 4th quarter (91% in 4th quarter 2007)







Mandarin Oriental, Tokyo (Long-term lease)

- Excellent reputation in domestic leisure market
- Strong average rate maintained (in local currency)
- Weakening demand in corporate sector
- Increased hotel supply
- Occupancy down to 63% (77% in 2007)
- Performed well against competition



"Clearly the "it" hotel in Tokyo... "uber-cool" atmosphere is supported by exceptional service...if you have the money, this is the best".

Zagat-World's Top Hotels, Resorts & Spas





Mandarin Oriental, Macau (50% ownership) Increased supply and slowdown in visitor arrivals impacted performance Occupancy down to 48% (66% in 2007)



Mandarin Oriental, Macau

- The Group has announced the sale of its 50% interest in the hotel
- Forecast to complete in May 2009
- Post-tax gain of approximately US\$75 million in 2009
- New owner will rebrand hotel
- The Group will manage property for up to two years





Mandarin Oriental, Singapore (50% ownership)

- Well recognised as one of the city's leading hotels
- RevPAR up by 5% in local currency;12% in US\$
- Average rate increased to US\$265 (US\$209 in 2007)



Mandarin Oriental, Bangkok (44.9% ownership)

- Undisputed market leader
- Strong first half
- Second half impacted by political situation and global downturn
- Occupancy down to 61% (66% in 2007)
- Average rate increased to US\$297 (US\$269 in 2007)



Other Hotels Satisfactory performances from Manila and Kuala Lumpur Higher rates offsetting lower occupancy



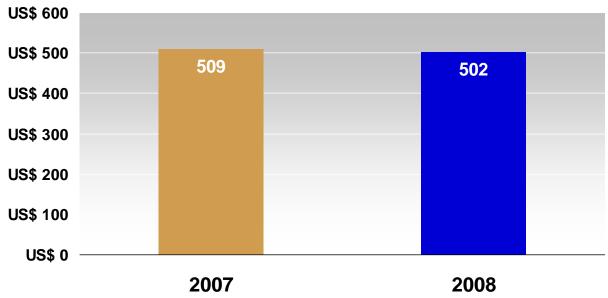
Mandarin Oriental, Jakarta (96.9% ownership)

- US\$50 million renovation
- To be positioned as one of the city's most luxurious and contemporary hotels
- 272 larger guestrooms (down from 404)
- Will re-open towards end of 2009



STRENGTHEN OUR COMPETITIVE POSITION EUROPE

2008 US\$ RevPAR Performance



- Strong demand for luxury service
- Limited new supply
- RevPAR down by 1% in local currency terms; 1% down in US\$
- RevPAR decreased by 5% in last quarter; 19% in US\$
- Currency fluctuation impacts contribution to Group's result in US\$ terms
- Includes only hotels that were fully operational in both years

STRENGTHEN OUR COMPETITIVE POSITION EUROPE

Mandarin Oriental Hyde Park, London (100% ownership)

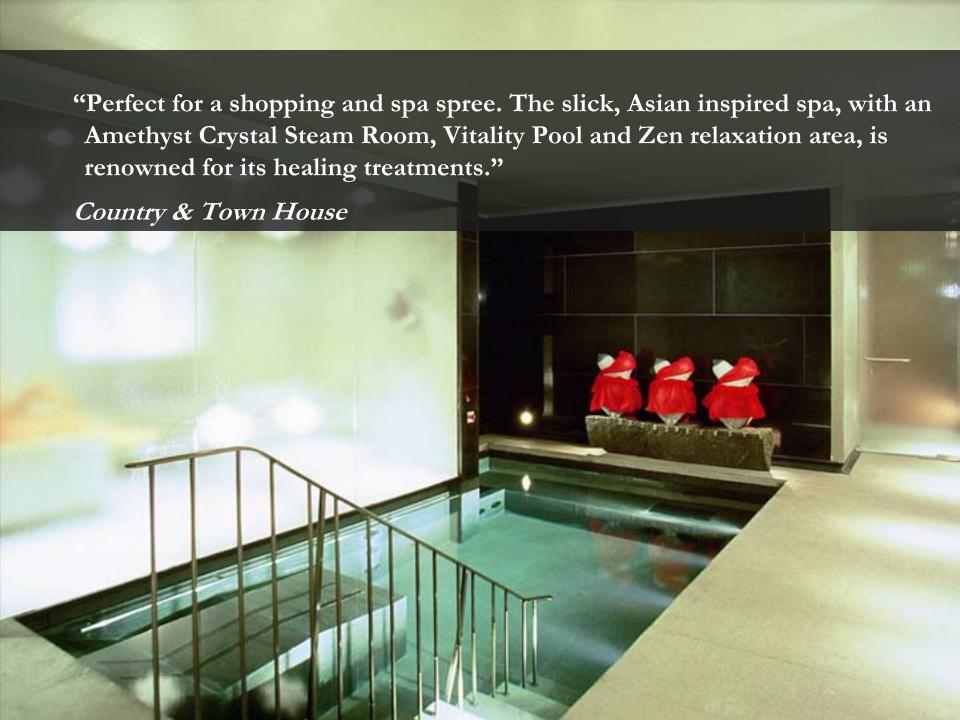
- Resilient demand from leisure travellers
- Growth from new markets such as Middle East and Asia
- Occupancy down to 83% in 4th quarter (87% in 4th quarter 2007)
- Average rate increased to £456 (£442 in 2007); but 5% drop in US\$ terms
- Recognised as one of the city's most exclusive properties



"Be treated like an emperor at this "opulent jewel" where "attention to detail is incredible"... and experience Chef Chris Staines "fantastic" French-Modern European Foliage Restaurant."

Zagat-World's Top Hotels, Resorts & Spas





STRENGTHEN OUR COMPETITIVE POSITION EUROPE



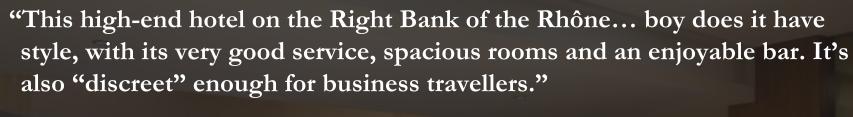


STRENGTHEN OUR COMPETITIVE POSITION EUROPE

Mandarin Oriental, Geneva (92.6% ownership)

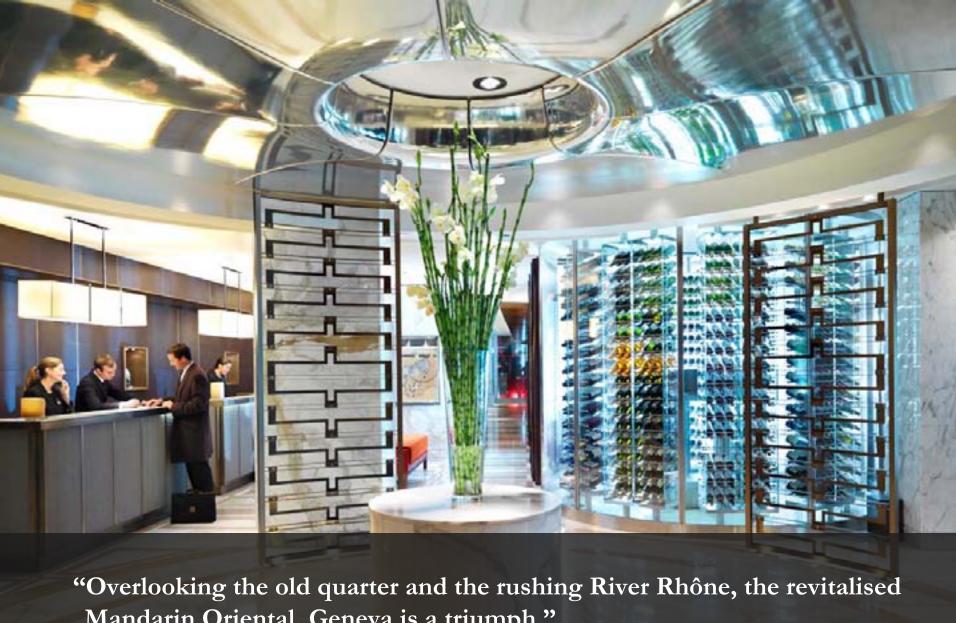
- Significant renovation completed in August 2008
- Average rate increased by 5% in local currency terms; 17% in US\$
- Occupancy down to 63% (72% in 2007)
- Food & Beverage revenues impacted by renovation
- Contribution down by US\$7 million





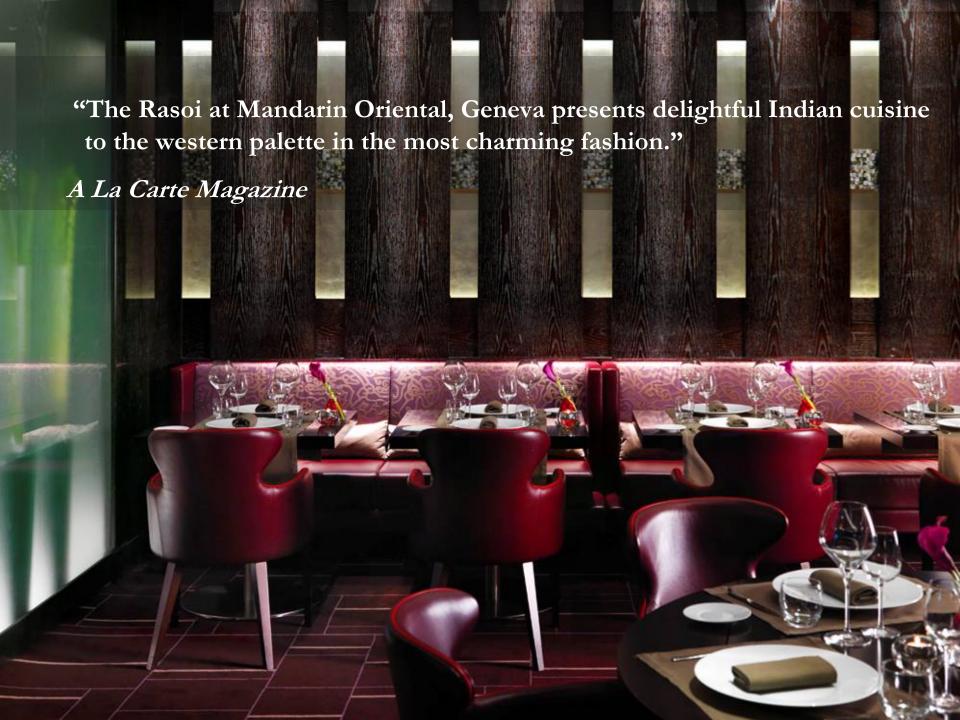
Zagat-World's Top Hotels, Resorts & Spas





Mandarin Oriental, Geneva is a triumph."

The Gallivanter's Guide



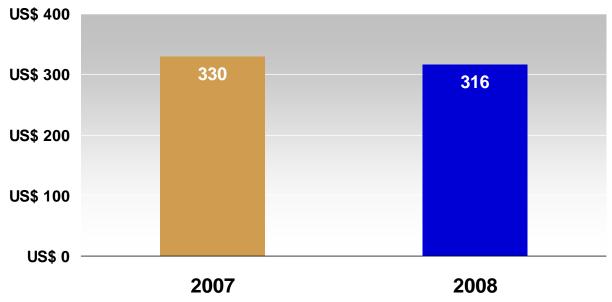
STRENGTHEN OUR COMPETITIVE POSITION EUROPE





STRENGTHEN OUR COMPETITIVE POSITION THE AMERICAS

2008 US\$ RevPAR Performance

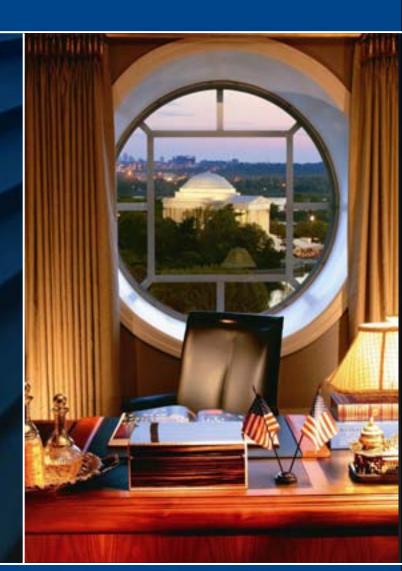


- Hotels maintained competitive positions
- Environment became more challenging as year progressed
- RevPAR down by 4%
- ❖ RevPAR declined by 20% in last quarter
- Under 10% of Group's EBITDA comes from US portfolio
- Includes only hotels that were fully operational in both years

STRENGTHEN OUR COMPETITIVE POSITION THE AMERICAS

Mandarin Oriental, Washington DC (80% ownership)

- Maintained occupancy levels
- City-wide demand down
- RevPAR down by 4%
- Notable awards such as "Top Hotels in the USA" by Zagat



STRENGTHEN OUR COMPETITIVE POSITION THE AMERICAS

Mandarin Oriental, New York (25% ownership)

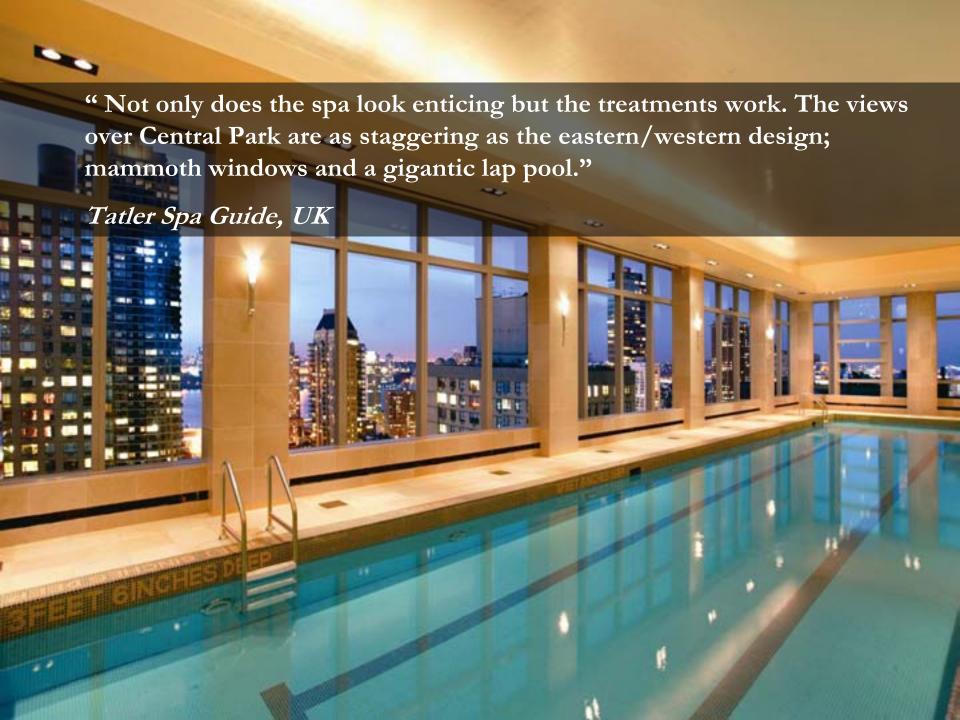
- Continued strong demand from leisure sector
- Average rate increased to US\$952 (US\$937 in 2007)
- Occupancy down to 68% in 4th quarter (81% in 4th quarter 2007)
- Mobil 5 Star and Triple A 5 Diamond awards received for third year



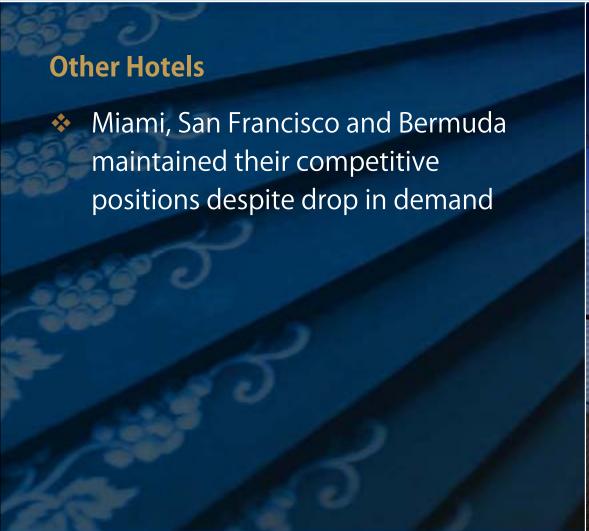
"Extraordinary place with enchanting views."

www.forbes.com





STRENGTHEN OUR COMPETITIVE POSITION THE AMERICAS





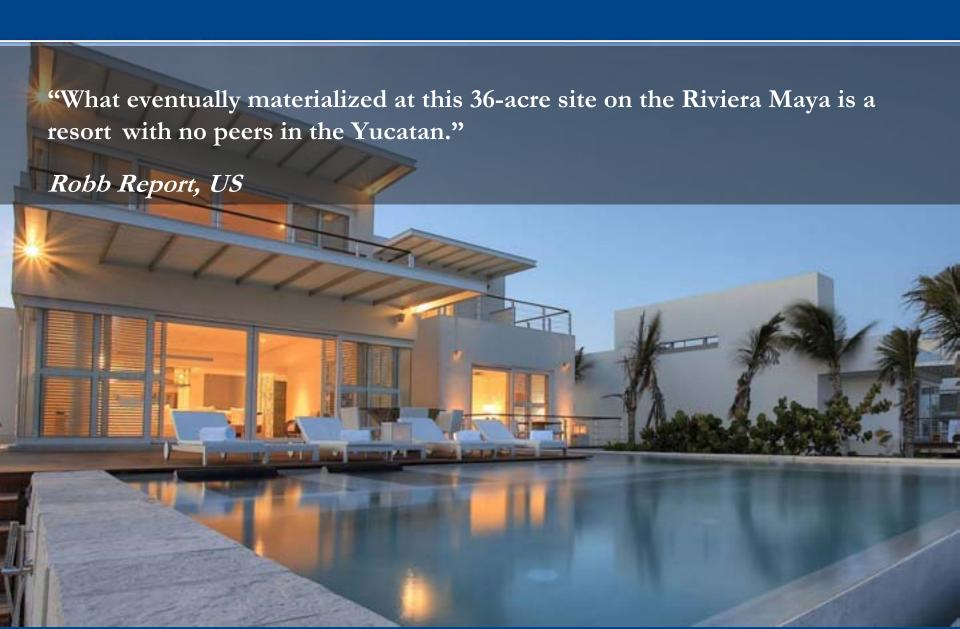
STRENGTHEN OUR COMPETITIVE POSITION THE AMERICAS



MANDARIN ORIENTAL RIVIERA MAYA, MEXICO



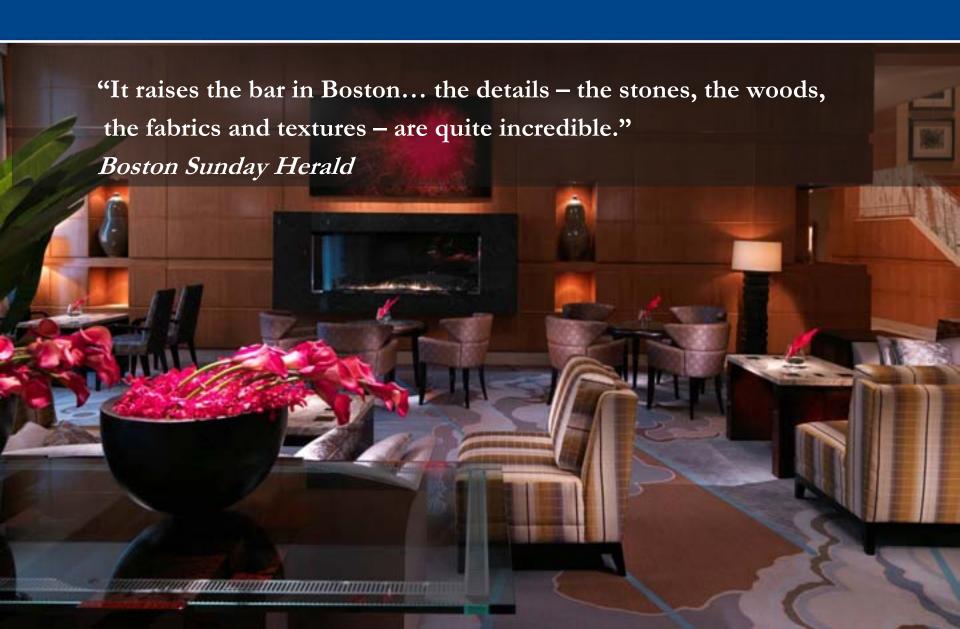
MANDARIN ORIENTAL RIVIERA MAYA, MEXICO



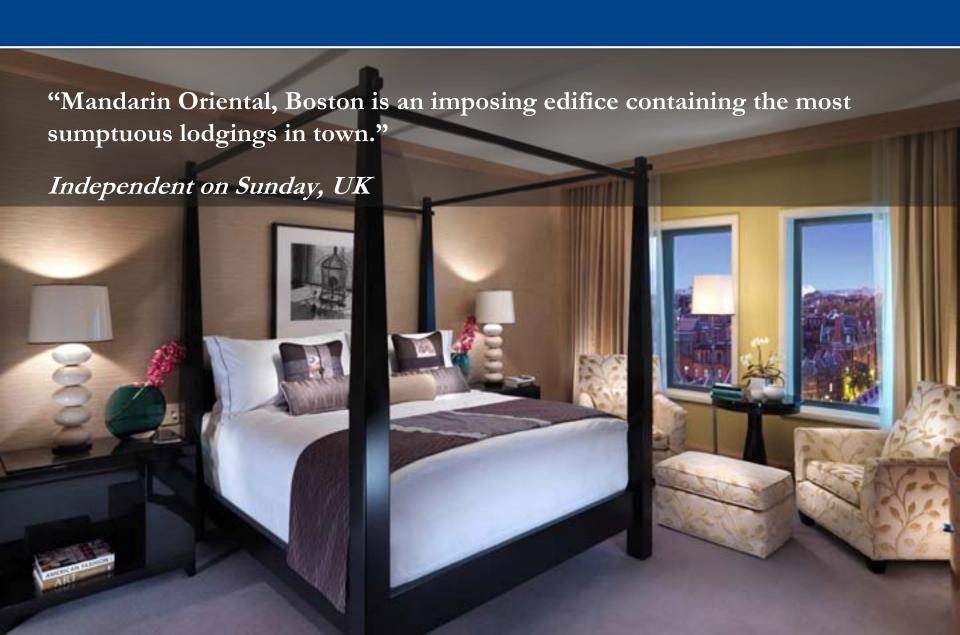




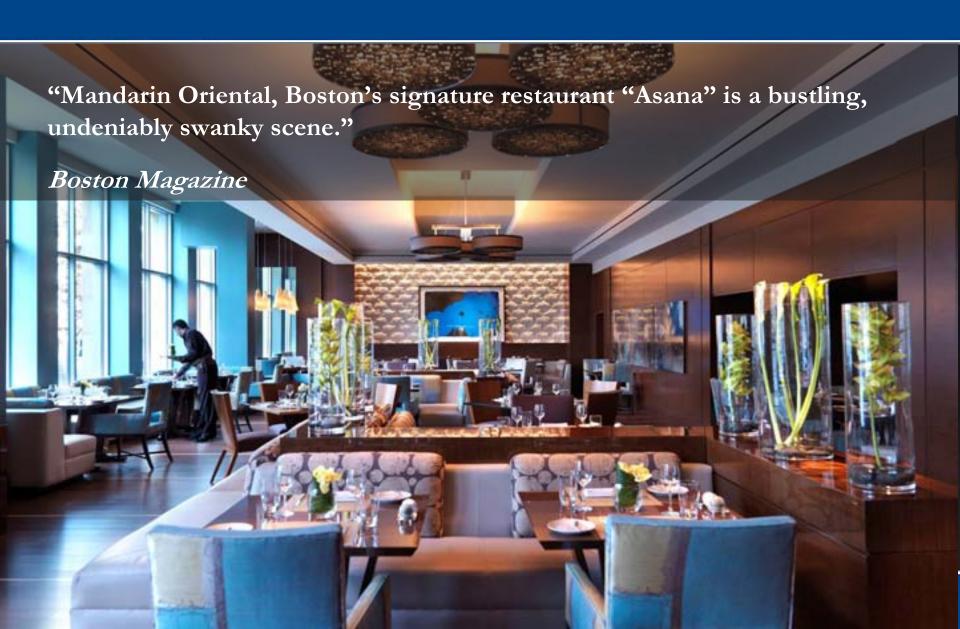
MANDARIN ORIENTAL, BOSTON



MANDARIN ORIENTAL, BOSTON



MANDARIN ORIENTAL, BOSTON



- Just over 7,000 rooms in operation
- Total portfolio including hotels under development:
 - More than 11,000 rooms
 - 41 properties
 - 25 countries
- Stronger geographic diversification:
 - 17 hotels in Asia
 - 14 hotels in The Americas
 - 10 hotels in Europe and North Africa













18 hotels under development

The Americas	Europe	Asia
Atlanta	Barcelona	Beijing
Chicago	Marbella	Guangzhou
	Marrakech	. Macau
❖Dellis Cay	∻ Milan	Maldives
	Moscow	. Taipei
Las Vegas	. Paris	
♦St. Kitts		

5 hotels actively pursuing appropriate funding

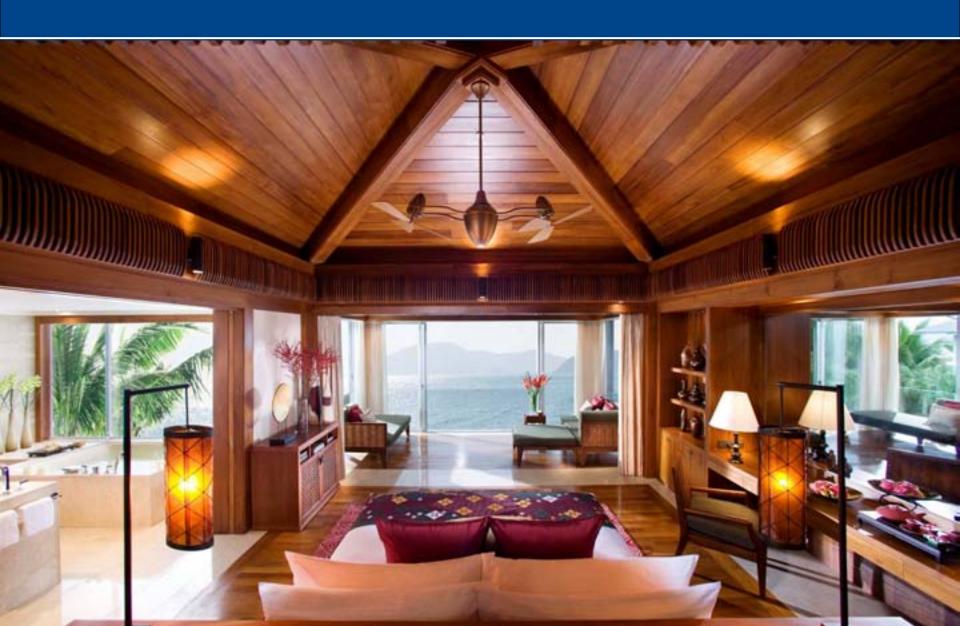
- Atlanta
- Chicago
- Costa Rica
- Grand Cayman
- Marbella

Dallas project cancelled

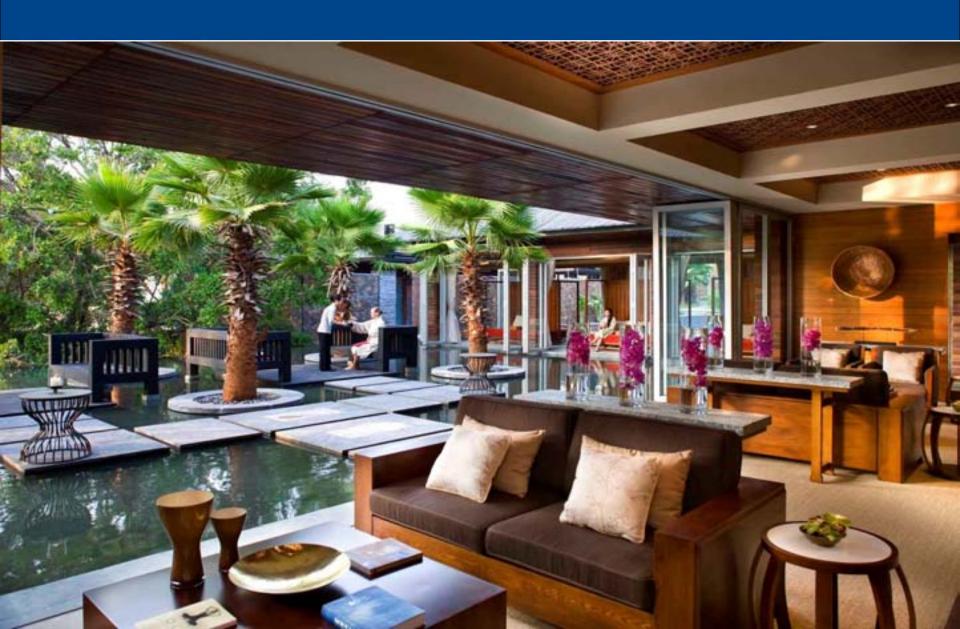




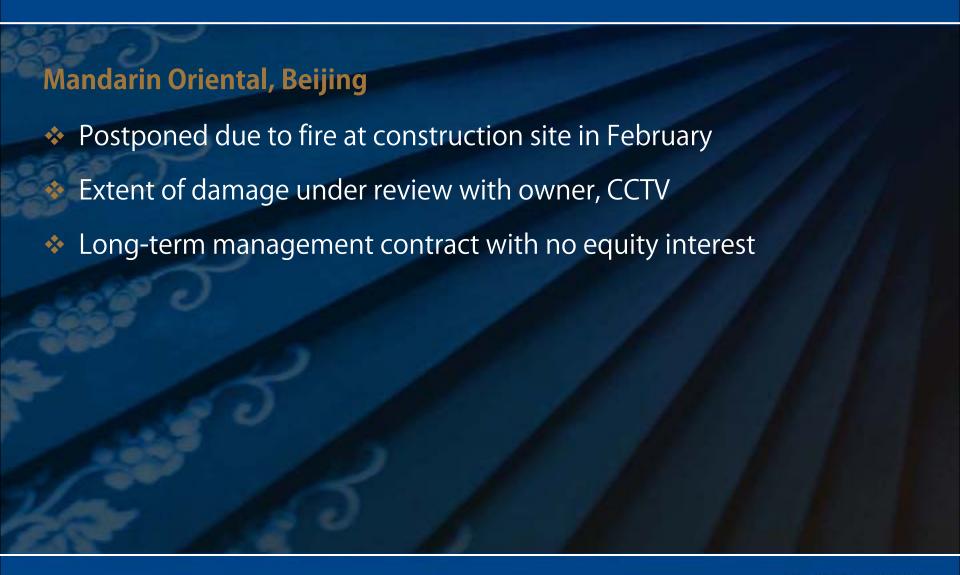












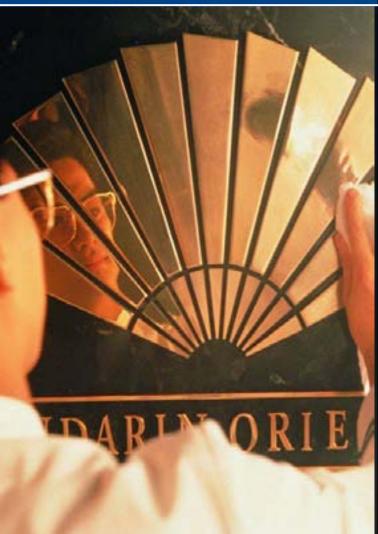












THE RESIDENCES AT MANDARIN ORIENTAL





FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

- Potential for future growth remains attractive
- Brand recognition increasingly important in attracting hotel developers and facilitating funding
- Continually reviewing a pipeline of strategic new projects
- Well positioned to take advantage of selective investment opportunities
- Operating both owned and managed hotels remains at the core of our business



Summary Cash Flow Statement

US\$m	2008	2007
Operating Activities		
EBITDA from subsidiaries	126	146

- EBITDA from Hong Kong hotels in line with 2007
- Currency movements result in US\$10 million decrease compared with 2007 (US\$8 million up in 2007 and US\$2 million down in 2008)
- EBITDA from Geneva declined by US\$7m, due to 8-month renovation
- Remaining drop due to impact of weakening demand, particularly in Tokyo

EBITDA Performance

US\$m	2008	2007
First half	64	64
Second half	<u>62</u>	<u>82</u>
	<u>126</u>	<u>146</u>

Summary Cash Flow Statement

US\$m	2008	2007
Operating Activities		
EBITDA from subsidiaries	126	146
Dividends and interest from associates	20	12
Net financing charges paid	(18)	(16)
Tax paid	(7)	(14)
Other	3	2
Total	124	130

• Weighted average interest rate at 4.2% on Group borrowings (5.2% in 2007)

Summary Cash Flow Statement

US\$m	2008	2007
Investing Activities		
Capital expenditure	(69)	(50)

Analysis of capital expenditure

US\$m	2008	2007
Geneva renovation	18	=
Jakarta renovation ⁽ⁱ⁾	18	-
London – One Hyde Park preliminary works(ii)	10	-
Mandarin Oriental, Hong Kong renovation	-	21
Munich renovation	-	10
Ongoing capex at other hotels	<u>23</u>	<u>19</u>
Total capital expenditure	<u>69</u>	<u>50</u>

- (i) Initial capex for US\$50m Jakarta renovation
- (ii) Relates to new guest facilities created in the adjacent *One Hyde Park* development

Summary Cash Flow Statement

US\$m	2008	2007
Investing Activities		
Capital expenditure	(69)	(50)
Investment in Mandarin Oriental, Paris(i)	(6)	-
Proceeds on disposals(ii)	-	71
Capital distribution from associates	23	14
Hotel mezzanine funding (net)	(1)	9
Other	(4)	(5)
Total (outflow) / inflow	<u>(57)</u>	<u>39</u>

- (i) The Group's investment in the Paris project has increased to US\$60 million from US\$40 million
- (ii) Principally the sale of 25% of Mandarin Oriental, New York (2007)

Summary Cash Flow Statement		
US\$m	2008	2007
Operating Activities	124	130
Investing Activities	(57)	39
Financing Activities		
Dividends paid	(69)	(39)
Drawdown of borrowings	35	536
Repayment of borrowings	(12)	(464)
Other	2	3
Net increase in cash	23	205
Opening cash balance 1st Jan	<u>492</u>	<u>287</u>
Closing cash balance 31st Dec	<u>515</u>	<u>492</u>

Year end dividend of US¢5 per share proposed for 2008 (annual dividend of US¢7)

	2008	2007
Adjusted NAV per share	US\$2.08	US\$2.34
Net debt	US\$146 million	US\$185 million
Adjusted shareholders funds	US\$2,049 million	US\$2,279 million
Gearing	7%	8%
EBITDA net interest cover	6.6 times	7.7 times

- Approximately 50% of Group's gross debt hedged
- Average tenor of Group's borrowings is five years
- No significant financing required in next 12 months
- US\$515 million of cash resources with US\$143 million of undrawn, committed facilities
- US\$90 million cash anticipated in May 2009 from sale of Group's 50% in Mandarin Oriental, Macau
- The Group is in a strong financial position

CONCLUSION

- Deteriorating economy will continue to impact business levels
- Difficult to predict timing of global economic upturn
- Closely monitoring booking trends and will adjust costs as appropriate
- Hotels should benefit over time from reduced new supply and relative resilience of luxury leisure travel
- Mandarin Oriental well placed to benefit from a global recovery when it occurs
- The Group portfolio will double in the next few years
- Well positioned to become the best luxury hotel group

